HOUSE BILL No. 1601

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-3-1-3.5.

Synopsis: Taxation of railroad benefits. Provides an adjusted gross income tax exemption for railroad retirement benefits received by a spouse or survivor.

Effective: January 1, 2007 (retroactive).

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January 23, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Interstate and International Cooperation.



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First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1601

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.162-2006
SECTION 24, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.184-2006, SECTION 3
IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2007 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 3.5. When
used in this article, the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the
following:

- (a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as follows:
 - (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
 - (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of the United States.
 - (3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse



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1	one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
2	(4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:
3	(A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the
4	Internal Revenue Code;
5	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) of
6	the Internal Revenue Code; and
7	(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by
8	the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which
9	the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income
10	and is not the dependent of another taxpayer.
11	(5) Subtract:
12	(A) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, one
13	thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the
14	exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal
15	Revenue Code for taxable years beginning after December 31,
16	1996; (as effective January 1, 2004); and
17	(B) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount
18	allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code
19	if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer
20	and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less
21	than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).
22	This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under
23	subdivision (4).
24	(6) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
25	(A) that part of the individual's adjusted gross income (as
26	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code) for that
27	taxable year that is subject to a tax that is imposed by a
28	political subdivision of another state and that is imposed on or
29	measured by income; or
30	(B) two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
31	(7) Add an amount equal to the total capital gain portion of a
32	lump sum distribution (as defined in Section 402(e)(4)(D) of the
33	Internal Revenue Code) if the lump sum distribution is received
34	by the individual during the taxable year and if the capital gain
35	portion of the distribution is taxed in the manner provided in
36	Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code.
37	(8) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
38	income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a
39	recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction
40	from adjusted gross income.
41	(9) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
42	income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts:



1	(A) were received by the individual as supplemental railroad
2	retirement annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 et seq. by:
3	(i) an individual eligible for an annuity under 45 U.S.C.
4	231a(a);
5	(ii) a spouse eligible for an annuity under 45 U.S.C.
6	231a(c); or
7	(iii) a survivor eligible for an annuity under 45 U.S.C.
8	231a(d); and which
9	(B) are not deductible under subdivision (1).
10	(10) Add an amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section
11	221 of the Internal Revenue Code for married couples filing joint
12	returns if the taxable year began before January 1, 1987.
13	(11) Add an amount equal to the interest excluded from federal
14	gross income by the individual for the taxable year under Section
15	128 of the Internal Revenue Code if the taxable year began before
16	January 1, 1985.
17	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
18	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's
19	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
20	(13) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer
21	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire
22	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant
23	to subdivisions (3), (4), (5), and (6) shall be reduced to an amount
24	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income
25	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.
26	(14) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance
27	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,
28	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's
29	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not
30	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and
31	local income taxes.
32	(15) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of
33	a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the
34	individual's federal adjusted gross income.
35	(16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999,
36	subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums paid
37	during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long term
38	care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer or the
39	taxpayer's spouse, or both.
40	(17) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
41	(A) for a taxable year:
42	(i) including any part of 2004, the amount determined under



1	subsection (f); and
2	(ii) beginning after December 31, 2004, two thousand five
3	hundred dollars (\$2,500); or
4	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
5	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's
6	principal place of residence.
7	(18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
8	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's
9	federal adjusted gross income.
10	(19) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
11	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
12	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
13	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
14	that would have been computed had an election not been made
15	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
16	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
17	service.
18	(20) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under
19	Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
20	(21) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
21	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
22	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
23	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
24	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
25	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
26	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
27	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
28	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
29	dollars (\$25,000).
30	(22) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed
31	as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable
32	year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
33	income tax purposes.
34	(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as
35	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as
36	follows:
37	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
38	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
39	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
40	or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue
41	Code.
42	(3) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed



1	or allowable pursuant to Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code	
2	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state	
3	level by any state of the United States.	
4	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
5	corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	
6	Revenue Code.	
7	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
8	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
9	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
10	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
11	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
12	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	
13	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	
14	service.	
15	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
16	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
17	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
18	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
19	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	
20	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	
21	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	
22	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	
23	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
24	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
25	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
26	dollars (\$25,000).	
27	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as	
28	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year	T T
29	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
30	income tax purposes.	
31	(9) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20 the amount of	
32	intangible expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) and any directly	
33	related intangible interest expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20)	
34	for the taxable year that reduced the corporation's taxable	
35	income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code)	
36	for federal income tax purposes.	
37	(c) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section	
38	816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana	
39	law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined	
40	in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:	
41	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article	
42	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	



1	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable	
2	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
3	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable	
4	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code	
5	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state	
6	level by any state.	
7	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
8	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	
9	Revenue Code.	
10	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	1
11	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
12	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
13	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
14	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
15	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	
16	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	1
17	service.	
18	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
19	172 or Section 810 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
20	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
21	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	I
22	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	
23	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	
24	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	-
25	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	
26	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	_
27	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
28	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
29	dollars (\$25,000).	
30	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as	
31	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year	
32	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
33	income tax purposes.	
34	(d) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section	
35	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the	
36	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal	
37	Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:	
38	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article	
39	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
40	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable	
41	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
42	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable	



1	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
2	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
3	level by any state.
4	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
5	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
6	Revenue Code.
7	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
8	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
9	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
10	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
11	that would have been computed had an election not been made
12	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
13	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
14	service.
15	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
16	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
17	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
18	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
19	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
20	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
21	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
22	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
23	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
24	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
25	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
26	dollars (\$25,000).
27	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
28	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
29	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
30	income tax purposes.
31	(e) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for
32	trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code)
33	adjusted as follows:
34	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
35	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
36	(2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
37	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal
38	adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September
39	11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim
40	of the September 11 terrorist attack.
41	(3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
42	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus



1	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
2	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
3	that would have been computed had an election not been made
4	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
5	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
6	service.
7	(4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
8	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
9	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
10	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
11	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
12	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
13	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
14	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
15	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
16	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
17	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
18	dollars (\$25,000).
19	(6) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
20	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
21	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
22	income tax purposes.
23	(f) This subsection applies only to the extent that an individual paid
24	property taxes in 2004 that were imposed for the March 1, 2002,
25	assessment date or the January 15, 2003, assessment date. The
26	maximum amount of the deduction under subsection (a)(17) is equal
27	to the amount determined under STEP FIVE of the following formula:
28	STEP ONE: Determine the amount of property taxes that the
29	taxpayer paid after December 31, 2003, in the taxable year for
30	property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2002, assessment date
31	and the January 15, 2003, assessment date.
32	STEP TWO: Determine the amount of property taxes that the
33	taxpayer paid in the taxable year for the March 1, 2003,
34	assessment date and the January 15, 2004, assessment date.
35	STEP THREE: Determine the result of the STEP ONE amount
36	divided by the STEP TWO amount.
37	STEP FOUR: Multiply the STEP THREE amount by two
38	thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
39	STEP FIVE: Determine the sum of the STEP FOUR amount and
40	two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
41	SECTION 2. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2007 (RETROACTIVE)]
42	IC 6-3-1-3.5, as amended by this act, applies to taxable years



- 1 beginning after December 31, 2006.
- 2 SECTION 3. An emergency is declared for this act.

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